# Morbidity and Mortality





U. S. Department of HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE

Public Health Service

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# Provisional Information on Selected Notifiable Diseases in the United States and on Deaths in Selected Cities for Week Ended April 7, 1956

Of the 27 cases of diphtheria reported this week, 5 were in Texas, 4 each in Michigan and South Carolina, and 3 in Georgia. Only 2 cases were reported in Indiana where a recent outbreak of the disease occurred. The location of these 2 cases was not given, but the outbreak was centered in and around Michigan City.

Approximately half of the cases of typhoid fever reported this week were in the East North Central (10), West South Central (7), and Middle Atlantic (5) Divisions. Since the first of the year, these divisions have reported 155 cases or about the same number (151) reported for the same period last year. For the country as a whole, the total for the first 14 weeks is 355 compared with 334 for the same period in 1955.

NOTICE: Studies on serologic tests for rickettsial diseases

Dr. Morris Schaeffer, Virus and Rickettsial Section, Communicable Disease Center, Montgomery, Alabama, is attempting to determine the value of the established and new serologic tests for rickettsial diseases, especially in relation to the effects of chemotherapy in antibody response. For this purpose, early and late specimens of serum are requested from patients suspected of having rickettsial diseases. In addition to the usual information sent with the CDC form VDR-8, the following items are requested with each paired specimen: Date of onset of fever and of rash; exposure to ticks or rats; summary of clinical history; and details regarding antibiotics including dosage, when started, and length of time given. All specimens should be transmitted to the laboratory in Montgomery through State health department laboratories.

#### EPIDEMIOLOGICAL REPORTS

Influenza

The following reports have been received by the Influenza information Center, NIH, and the National Office of Vital Statistics.

Dr. Henry Bauer, Minnesota State Department of Health, has reported an outbreak of influenza-like illness involving 75 to 80 patients and employees of the Veterans' Administration Hospital. The first cases occurred March 4 and the last case March 18. It was first noted in one 46-bed ward in which about half of the patients were ill. The remaining cases were scattered in other wards and in hospital personnel. The bed capacity of the hospital is 915. Nineteen paired blood specimens were tested and of these, 8 showed a significant increase in hemagglutination inhibition antibody to two influenza antigens, including one prepared with the strain isolated in February 1956. Virus isolation attempts from these cases have not yet been completed.

Miss Eleanor Whitney, New York State Department of Health, has reported the serologic diagnosis of influenza A in 9 individuals in scattered areas of New York State—one had onset in January, 5 had onsets in February, and 3, in March.

The Preventive Medicine Division, Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, Department of the Navy, has reported the serologic diagnosis of influenza A in a single case occurring in a naval installation in Virginia.

Anthrax

According to the monthly report from the Department of Agriculture for February, 2 States reported 5 outbreaks of anthrax in animals. In these, infected soil resulted in the loss of 6 animals. Reports from 41 States, the District of Columbia, Hawaii, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico show they experienced no anthrax outbreaks during February.

Additional information has been received from Dr. E. G. Johnson, Indian Hospital, Santa Fe, New Mexico, regarding the 2 cases of anthrax in New Mexico which were reported last week. One of the patients scratched his hand on a bone of a buffalo while he was butchering it. The lesion on the hand of the other patient resulted from an accidental cut with a knife used in skinning and butchering the animal. Recommendations have been made to have the remainder of the herd vaccinated against anthrax, and to avoid contact with sick animals.

Psittacosis

Dr. D. S. Fleming, Minnesota State Department of Health, has reported a case of psittacosis in a 31-year-old woman. The diagnosis was confirmed by complement fixation tests on blood specimens. The patient's husband and 4 children have had no symptoms. Psittacosis virus has been isolated from a psittacine bird which was purchased from a local store. The virus has also been isolated from a parakeet, the probable source of infection in a case reported for the week ended March 17. This parakeet was from Chicago.

Dr. Martin D. Baum, Colorado State Department of Public Health, has reported a laboratory confirmed case of psittacosis. The patient purchased a parakeet in December 1955. The bird developed clinical symptoms of psittacosis and died the following February. Eight days later the patient became ill with an atypical type of virus pneumonia and other classical symptoms associated with psittacosis. It was stated that this is the first case of the disease to be reported from the Western Slope of Colorado.

The Washington State Department of Health has reported 4 cases of psittacosis. For 2 cases, the complement fixation titers were 1:128; for the other 2, they were 1:64. Three of the patients were in contact with parakeets. One of the birds died and was buried. The carcass was exhumed 6 days later, and psittacosis virus was isolated from it. In another instance, the patient visited several stores before purchasing a parakeet. This bird has shown no signs of illness but bird droppings collected in one of the stores visited was positive for the disease. No laboratory examinations were made of any of the birds associated with the third case. The fourth patient had had no recent contact with psittacine birds but had visited on a farm about a week prior to onset of his illness. Blood samples of chickens on this farm have been collected for laboratory examination, but no report of the tests has as yet been received. The patient's wife has had 2 bad colds recently, and serum specimens taken from her were positive for psittacosis in a titer of 1:16.

Staphylococcal impetigo

Dr. F. H. Wentworth, Ohio Department of Health, has reported an outbreak of staphylococcal impetigo among babies in

a newborn-baby nursery. Approximately 18 cases are known to have occurred over a 2-week period. Most of them were mild and characterized by skin lesions and unaccompanied by septicemia or pneumonia. Only one breast abscess in a mother is known to have developed. A strain of Staphylococcus aureus was isolated from lesions and noses of sick babies and of staff contacts. The strain is sensitive to bacitracin, chloromycetin, and erythromycin and is resistant to aureomycin, dihydrostreptomycin, and penicillin. All newborn babies have been put on erythromycin phaging, and the outbreak is now under control.

#### Trichiniasis

Dr. Wm. Dougherty, District State Health Officer, New Jersey State Department of Health, has reported an outbreak of trichlniasis among persons who ate Hungarian sausage, commonly called "kolbase." After the report of 1 case, an investigation revealed a total of 16 cases manifesting symptoms of trichlniasis.

The symptoms included nausea, diarrhea, severe myalgia, periorbital edema, and fever. Seven patients, hospitalized, had positive skin tests and marked eosinophilia ranging from 24 to 64 percent. Positive biopsy findings were obtained on 2 per-

sons. Blood specimens on 6 of the 7 patients revealed either a positive complement fixation or Bitonite test. An investigation showed that the sausage was made from ground pork shoulder which had been seasoned and cold smoked. A portion of the pork used was from garbage-fed animals. Laboratory examination of the sausage revealed encysted Trichinella spiralis.

#### Gastro-enteritis

Dr. Wentworth has reported an outbreak of gastro-enteritis in a small Ohio town following a sudden rainstorm which contaminated the water supply with surface drainage. It was estimated that 71 percent of the 1,000 inhabitants of the town became ill. The illness was characterized by nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, and weakness, without fever or other marked constitutional symptoms. The median incubation period was approximately 48 hours, Stool and blood specimens have been collected from several patients, and studies on the etiology of the outbreak are in progress.

The Los Angeles City Health Department has reported an outbreak of gastro-enteritis among persons who ate in a restaurant. At least 10 persons are known to have become ill with

Continued on page 8

Table 1. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES
(Numbers after diseases are category numbers of the Sixth Revision of the International Lists, 1948)

¥	] :	14th WEE	K	CUMULATIVE NUMBER							
DISEASE	Ended Apr. 7, 1956		Median 1951-55	F	rst 14 wee	ks	Since s	Approxi- mate			
		Apr. 9, 1955		1956	1955	Median 1951-55	1955-56	1954-55	Median 1950-51 to 1954-55	seasonal low point	
Anthrax062	12	_ 2	2	16	11	11	(2)	(2) (2)	(2)	(2) (2)	
Botulism049.1	-			-	4		( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	(2)	(2)	
Brucellosis (undulant fever)044	21	20		243	300						
Diphtheria055	27	16	36	557	476	<b>64</b> 8	1,887	1,693	2,297	July	
Encephalitis, infectious082	26	26	24	333	326	306	1,284	1,678	1,033	June	
Hepatitis, infectious,	İ	1	ļ	l			-	ł			
and serum092,N998.5 pt.	419	685		7,008	12,729						
Malaria110-117	5	4		42	52		( <sup>2</sup> )	(²)	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	
Measles085		24,208	24,208	215,524	256,830	256,830	244,622	311,299	294,698	Sept.	
Meningococcal infections057	49	70	115	1,021	1,333	1,592	1,944	2,382	2,861	Sept.	
Meningitis, other340	22			425							
Poliomyelitis080	68	61	62	1,140	1,124	1,380	. 68	61	62	Apr.	
Psittacosis096.2	7	4		100	94		<b>(</b> 2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	
Rabies in man094	-	-	-	3	2	2	(2) (2) (2)	(2) (2) (2)	(2) (2) (2)	(2)	
Smallpox084		-	-	-	-	2				(2)	
Typhoid fever040	42	27	18	355	334	408	42	27	18	Apr	
Typhus fever, endemic101	4	1		23	17		( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	(²)	(²)	
Rabies in animals	146	126	139	1,663	1,790	2,411	2,690	3,143	3,955	Oct.	

Reported in North Carolina.

## <sup>2</sup>Frequencies are too small.

### SOURCE AND NATURE OF MORBIDITY DATA

These provisional data are based on reports to the Public Health Service from health departments of each State and of Alaska, Hawaii, and Puerto Rico. They give the total number of cases of certain communicable diseases reported during the week usually ended the preceding Saturday. Cases of anthrax, botulism, rabies in man, and smallpox are not shown in table 2,

but a footnote to table 1 shows the States making the reports. In addition, when diseases of rare occurrence (cholera, dengue, plague, relapsing fever—louse borne, typhus fever—epidemic, and yellow fever) are reported, they will be noted at the end of table 1.

Table 2. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES, EACH DIVISION AND STATE, ALASKA, HAWAII, AND PUERTO RICO, FOR WEEKS ENDED APRIL 9, 1955 AND APRIL 7, 1956

(By place of occurrence. Numbers under diseases are category numbers of the Sixth Revision of the International Lists, 1948)

	BRUCEI (UNDU FEV			DIPHTH	ERIA 055		ENCEPHA INFECT		HEPATITIS, INFECTIOUS, AND SERUM 092, N998.5 pt.				
AREA	04	14	14th	week		lative L4 weeks	08	12	14th	week	Cumula first 14		
	1956	1955	1956	1955	1956	1955	1956	1955	1956	1955	1956	1955	
CONT. UNITED STATES	21	20	27	16	557	476	26	26	419	685	7,008	12,729	
NEW ENGLAND	E		-	1	4	12	1	E	31	64	477	1,186	
lainelew Hampshire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	5	119	102	
ermont	_	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	3	2 7	16 70	4.4 95	
Assachusetts	-	-	_	1	3	111	1	-	4	29	101	442	
hode Islandonnecticut	-	-	-	-	¥: -	-	-	-	2 10	5 16	52 119	168 335	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	4	2	2	ı	20	20	11	8	99	195	1,349	3,220	
ew York	3	. 1	ī	ī	8	13	9	7	42	102	737	1,672	
ew Jersey	-	-	1	-	. 5	1	2	1	12	11	122	209	
ennsylvania	1	1	-	- 1	7	6	-	-	45	82	490	1,339	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	2	3	6	1	116	<b>6</b> 5	3	3	67	79	1,103	1,852	
ndiana	-	1	-	-	9	21	-	-	18	16	275	343	
llinois	- [	2	2	_	61 1	28 2	2	1	11 17	16 19	160 284	281 382	
ichigan	ī	-	4	1	44	12	ı		17	13	240	576	
isconsin	1	-	-	-	1	2	-	2	4	15	144	270	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	8	11	2	1	61	69	-1	3	35	82	628	1,761	
innesota	1	1	1	1	23	23	-	-	10	17	186	602	
lasouri	4 2	7	1	-	14	4	-	· - [	12	32	158	552	
orth Dakota	í	1	-	-	5	6	-		1	16 4	30 56	191 103	
outh Dakota	- ]	_	_	-	1	25	-	-	4	7	92	194	
ebraska	-		-	-	16	10	-	-	6	3	57	27	
nsas	-	2	-	-	2	1	-	3	1	3	49	92	
SOUTH ATLANTIC	2	1	8	6	106	124	2	2	28	60	413	1,146	
lavare	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	8	20	
Strict of Columbia			_	1-	1	2	-	-1	3	- 8	43 7	134	
rginia	-	_	_	-	15	9	_	- [	12	22	179	51	
est Virginia	-	-	-	2	4	5	-	1	2	3	19	14:	
orth Carolina	1	-	7	1 1	16	20		-	-	13	39	14	
orgia	ī	1	4 3	1	16 23	23 47	2	-	3 7	1 4	17 49	7	
Lorida		_	1	ī	31	16	-	ī	i	6	52	7	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	1	1	2	2	84	62	1	1	45	42	621	62	
entucky	-		-	-	4	11	-	-	15	8	185	103	
Abama.		1	-	1	16 45	12 26	1	1	19 4	17	293	270	
iasissippi	1		2	ī	19	13		-	7	1.3	58 85	125 123	
WEST SOUTH CHATTRAT	ı	1	7	3	131	104	2	4	27	32	495	619	
rkanss	-	-	-	ı	13	6			1	4	53	94	
Ouisianaklahoma	1	-	1	1	13	16	-	- 1	4	-	24	. 39	
Ras	-	1	1 5	1	39 66	11 71	- 2	4	5 17	24	31 387	64 422	
MOTIVETATOR	1			1	11		- 1	-	36	49			
ucana			_ [	- 1	- 11	4 2	[]	-	9	10	796 228	96:	
	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	2	6	98	108	
Coming	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	1	38	30	
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	- il		-	a -	5	1	-	Ē	18	16	75. 166	20	
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PACTETO	- 1	-	-		-	•		-	-	-	2	20	
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waii	-	-	-	-	_		-	-	-	3	25 15	20	
				2	15	27			3				

Table 2. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES, EACH DIVISION AND STATE, ALASKA, HAWAII, AND PUERTO RICO, FOR WEEKS ENDED APRIL 9, 1955 AND APRIL 7, 1956—Continued

(By place of occurrence. Numbers under diseases are category numbers of the Sixth Revision of the International Lists, 1948)

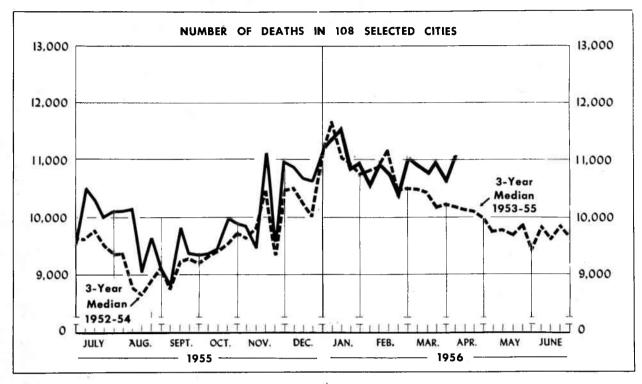
			P	OLIOMYELIT	IS 080				MALARIA			
		T	otal <sup>1</sup>		Paral	ytic	Nonpar	alytic	MALA	RIA	MEAS	SLES
AREA	14th	week	Cumul first 1		080.0,	080.1	080.2		110-117		085	
	1956	1955	1956	1955	1956	1955	1 <b>9</b> 56	1955	1956	1955	1956	195
CONT. UNITED STATES	68	61	1,140	1,124	37	27	19	14	5	4	26,249	24,2
NEW ENGLAND		2	35	27	<b>2</b> 7	ı			-	2	249	4,1
Bine	-	1	7	3	-	1	-	-	-		11	
ew Hampshireermont	-	-	2 7	3 11		-	-	_	-	_	6 20	
assachusetts	_	ī	17	7	-	_	_	_ [	_	_	139	1,
hode Island	-	-	2	- 3	-	-	-	-	-	_	5 68	1,
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	5	8	82	134	3		1	į			l	1 -
ew York	4	7	58	82	3		1	-	_	_	4,186 1,482	1,
lew Jersey		i	9	19		_	_		_	_	473	2,
ennsylvania	1	-	15	33	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,231	-,
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	10	9	83	109	6	4	1	1	_	_	7,738	4,
hio	2	3	20	27		2	_	1	-	-	1,814	
Indiana		-	7	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	823	
Illinois	3	3	14	21	1	-	1	- i	-	-	2,209	
dichigan	2 3	3	26 16	41 10	2 3	2	-	-	_	-	1,471	2,
				1			_			_	-	1 -
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	1	4 2	52 8	84 14		- 1	-	3	-	-	964	1,
Minnesota		ĺ	ıı	16	<u>-</u>	12	_	2	<u>-</u>	_	15 340	
issouri	1	_	15	ii	_		_	_	_	_	204	
orth Dakota	-	-	2	3	_	-	-	_	_	_	80	
South Dakota	-	-	8	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	
lebraska	-	ī	2 6	14	-	-	-	ī	-	-	87	
(ansas	-			16	-	_	-		-	-	229	
SOUTH ATLANTIC	2	4	93	197	1	3	1	1	1	-	3,510	
elaware	-	-	1 4	2 6	_	-	_	- 1	-	_	48 349	
farylandDistrict of Columbia			-	_ [	_	_	_	_ [	_	_	74	
Virginia	_ '	-	4	5	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,230	:
West Virginia	-	- !	3	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	508	:
Worth Carolina	1	-	24	30	1	-	-	-	-	-	391	1
South Carolina	-	- 7	7	7	'	3	-	-	- '	-	623	1
Georgia	ī	3	12 38	21 2119			1	ī	ī		134 153	1
		1		1				í l		l		
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	1 1	2 1	46 19	63 23	-	-	1	1	_	1	2,015 748	1
Tennessee	_		7	11		_	_	_	_	-	822	
Alabama	-	1	1	9	_	_	-	-	7:	-	313	
Mississippi	1 -	-	19	20	-	-	-	-		-	132	
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	22	19	244	179	15	13	5	4	3	2	4,776	2,
Arkansas	-	3	9	14		2	-	1	-	-	400	
Louisiana	4	2	35	30	4	1	-	1	-	-	36	
Oklahoma	1 17	14	11 189	16 119	ı ıi	10	5	2	3	- 2	566 3,774	1,
					_		,	]		-		
MOUNTAIN	6	4	71 4	75 11		1	-			_	1,659 340	1,
daho	_	-	9	8	_	_	-			]	26	
yoming	-	_	2	5	-	-	-	-	= =	-	66	
Colorado	-	1	7	14	-	1	-	-	-	-	596	1
lew Mexico	1	- '	3 30	3 6	-			-	-	-	164	-
rizona	1 2	1 1	J 8	19	1 [	[	_	_	-	_	340 125	
Itah	2	1	8	9	-	-	] -	_	] -	]	2	
PACIFIC	21	9	434	256	12	5	9	4	lı	1	1,152	4,
Washington	-	140	21	23	-	114	_	[	-		320	
Oregon	9.37	1	27	22	-	1	-	-	-	-	44	
California	21	8	386_	511	12	4	9	4	1	1	788	4,
Alaska	-	-	1	6	-	-	-		-	, A	6	
Havaii	-	0.5	43	8	-	= =	-	-	-	-	24	
Puerto Rico	-	7	5	297	-	7	-	-	-		26	ſ

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes cases not specified by type, category number 080.3. <sup>2</sup>Includes delayed cases with onset late in 1954.

Table 2. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES, EACH DIVISION AND STATE, ALASKA, HAWAII, AND PUERTO RICO, FOR WEEKS ENDED APRIL 9, 1955 AND APRIL 7, 1956—Continued

(By place of occurrence. Numbers under diseases are category numbers of the Sixth Revision of the International Lists, 1948)

	MENINGO INFECT		MENIN- GITIS, OTHER	PSITTA	cosis		TYPHOID	FEVER 040	)	TYPHUS FEVER, ENDEMIC	RABII	
AREA	057		<b>34</b> 0	096.2		14th week		Cumul first l	ative 4 weeks	101	ANIMALS	
	1956	1955	1956	1956	1955	1956	1955	1956	1955	1956	1956	1955
CONT. UNITED STATES	49	70	22	7	4	42	27	<b>3</b> 55	334	4	146	12
NEU WAY AND	5	4	100	1	387	3	1	16	5	-	1000	
NEW ENGLAND	2	1	3 <u>-</u> 1	_	-	3		9	1	=		
ew Hampshire	- 1	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	_	-	
ermont	- 3	2	-	- 1	- 1	-	1	2	4	-	-	[
hode Island	3	1	-	1	-	_		1	4		-	1
Connecticut	_	_	-	1155	_	-	_	4	-	_	0.75	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	8	11	_	1	_	5	3	48	46	_	13	
lew York	4	3	_	_	-	2	-	17	8	_	10	
lew Jersey	1	1	187	-	-	-	3	3	6	-	\ <u>-</u>	
ennsylvania	3	7	-	1	-	3	-	28	32	-	3	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	15	11	4	2	2	10	1	50	36	-	32	
hio	6 1	4 1	- 2	9.5	2	2	-	12 7	21	-	4 15	
Illinois	3	3	1	2		-	] []	5	8		15	
ichigan	4	3	ı	-	_	3	-	11	5		13	
isconsin	1	-	-	-	-	3	1	15	2		-	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	5	2	98.0	1	1	5	2	54	20	20	20	
finnesota	3.00	0.00	-	1	1	-	-	24	1		2	
ova- iissouri	2.1	15	-	-	-	3		7	6	-	15	
orth Dakota	1 3	-	_	_	*	_	1	11 4	7		3	
outh Dakota		142	_	_	_	_	1	2	3		1	l
lebraska	1	0.00		-	-	2	- 1	6	2	-	_	•
ansas-	¥1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	i -	
SOUTH ATLANTIC	5	12	9	_	-	3	11	52	61	4	24	;
Delavare	300	-	-	-	-	-	-	1		**	3	ŀ
MarylandDistrict of Columbia		-	ī	- '	_	-	1	2	1 2	-	15	l
1rginia	2	4	2	_	_ [	ī	l i	3	16	-	8	!
est Virginia	_	2	_	-	-	-	1	6	5	_	4	
Worth Carolina	1	-	-	-	- 1	-	1	10	5	-	-	
South Carolina	1	1	2 4	-	_	1	1 3	8 9	7 13	- 4	8	
Plorida	1	5	4	1 [		_	3	9	12		1	-
	1		_		ŀ	2	5	36	43			
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	2 1	9	6	_	_	í	4	7	29	_	7.4 7	
rennessee	-	4	4	2.2	-	ī	_	20	6	-	ż	
Labama-	1	-	·	-	-	-	1	2	7	-	13	
Mississippi	-	3	2	-	- '	-	-	7	1	-	2	
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	3	11	1	-		7	3	57	69	-	28	
kansas	1	4	-			- 2	1	10	14 19	-	7 8	-
klahoma	1	2	ı		-	í	] -	8	7	1 -		l
Texas-	2	4	-	-	-	4	1	30	29	- 1	13	
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The chart shows the number of deaths reported for 108 major cities of the United States by week for the current year, and, for comparison, the median of the number of deaths reported for the corresponding weeks of the 3 previous calendar years. (The median is the central one of the three values arranged in order of magnitude.) If a report is not received from a city in time to be included in the total for the current week, an estimate is made to maintain comparability for graphic presentation.

The figures reported represent the number of death certificates received in the vital statistics offices during the week indicated for deaths occurring in that city. Figures compiled in this way, by week of receipt, usually approximate closely the number of deaths occurring during the week. However, differences are to be expected because of variations in the

interval between death and receipt of the certificate.

While week-to-week changes in the total number of deaths reported for all major cities generally represent a change in mortality conditions, this may not be true for variations in weekly figures for each city. For example, in a city with a weekly average of 50 deaths, the number of deaths occurring in a week may be expected to vary by chance alone from 36 to 64 (d  $\pm$  2 $\sqrt{d}$ , where d represents the average number of deaths per week).

The number of deaths in cities of the same size may also differ because of variations in the age, race, and sex composition of their populations, and because some cities are hospital centers serving the surrounding areas. Changes from year to year in the number of deaths may be due in part to population increases or decreases.

Table 3. DEATHS IN SELECTED CITIES BY GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION

(By place of occurrence, and week of filing certificate. Exclusive of fetal deaths)

	14th week ended	13th week ended	14th week	Percent change, median	CUMULATIVE NUMBER FIRST 14 WEEKS			
AREA	Apr. 7, 1956	Mar. 31, 1956	median 1953-55	to current week	1956	1955	Percent change	
TOTAL: 103 REPORTING CITIES	10,673	10,327	9,751	+9.5	146,210	142,153	+2.9	
New England       (14 cities)         Middle Atlantic       (17 cities)         East North Central       (17 cities)         West North Central       (8 cities)         South Atlantic       (9 cities)         East South Central       (8 cities)         West South Central       (11 cities)         Mountain       (7 cities)         Pactfic       (12 cities)	803 3,285 2,156 751 785 485 775 281 1,352	701 3,239 2,109 694 872 449 597 232 1,434	675 3,041 2,066 736 778 482 537 226	+19.0 +8.0 +4.4 +2.0 +0.9 +0.6 +44.3 +24.3 +10.8	10,160 44,416 30,347 10,479 11,921 6,987 9,218 3,537 19,145	10,439 44,283 29,022 9,806 11,097 6,832 8,650 3,447 18,577	-2.7 +0.3 +4.6 +6.9 +7.4 +2.3 +6.6 +2.6	

Table 4. DEATHS IN SELECTED CITIES FOR WEEK ENDED APRIL 7, 1956

(By place of occurrence, and week of filing certificate. Exclusive of fetal deaths)

CITY	14th week ended Apr.	13th week ended Mar.	CUMULATIV FIRST 1	E NUMBER	CITY	l4th week cuded Apr.	13th week ended Mar.	CUMULATIVI FIRST 1	
	7, 1956	31, 1956	1956	1955		7, 1956	31, 1956	1956	1955
NEW ENGLAND					WEST NORTH CENTRAL—Con.				
Boston, Mass.	247	230	3,492	3,627	St. Louis, Mo	229	261	3,614	3,140
Dridgeport, Conn	57	36	524	548	St. Paul, Minn	80	57	949	935
Cumbridge, Mass	37 39	34	461	410	Wichita, Kans	36	47	571	533
dartiord. Conn.	58	32 53	410 681	431 702	SOUTH ATLANTIC			-	
Magg	22	17	344	338	Atlanta, Ga	101	121	1,631	1,455
ynn, Mass.	31	20	298	348	Baltimore, Md	224	230	3,413	3,28
New Bedford, Mass	31	20	352	<b>35</b> 5	Charlotte, N. C	25	29	456	46
rovidence, R. I	65 83	37	734	661	Jacksonville, Fla	(51)	(58)	(779)	(67
OWELALIE MESS	17	75 22	922 228	971 242	Miami, Fla	43 35	58 51	774 504	74: 49:
Pringfield Mess	47	48	626	646	Richmond, Va	83	87	1,044	95
derbury, Conn.	18	24	361	372	Savannah, Ga	(32)	(24)	(399)	(42
forcester, Mass	51	53	727	<b>7</b> 88	Tampa, Fla	58	68	875	83
MIDDLE ATLANTIC			}		Washington, D. C	176	187	2,713	2,34
					Wilmington, Del	40	41	511	51
llbany, N. Y.	51	56	736	677	EAST SOUTH CENTRAL			1	
Talo. N. V	(52) 143	(37) 132	(546) 2,059	(532) 1,973	Birmingham, Ala	73	72	1,133	1,15
amden. N. T.	33	38	549	548	Chattanoogs, Tenn	49	36	606	66
1128beth. N .T	30	49	426	419	Knoxville, Tenn	28	21	540	50
Tie, Pa.	34	36	501	506	Louisville, Ky Memphis, Tenn	112	101	1,571	1,58
ersey City, N. J	100	91	1,111	1,048	Mobile, Ala	36	37	1,453 481	1,39 40
ewark, N. J	99	100	1,408	1,534	Montgomery, Ala	41	27	414	39
GUEFRON N T	1,736 53	1,677 36	22,910 540	23,387 568	Nashville, Tenn	53	57	789	74
"14LEGE TONG DO	523	532	7,177	7,005	WEST SOUTH CENTRAL			1	
TOUBDUTON PR	181	195	2,778	2,606		70		.53	
onuing. Pa	(25)	(22)	(312)	. (329)	Austin, Tex	30 23	37 16	451 312	37: 30:
ochester, N. Y.	111	100	1,432	1,371	Corpus Christi, Tex	20	12	273	25
TAULION. PR	21 (36)	24 (37)	334 (482)	329 (492)	Dallas, Tex.	112	111	1,489	1,36
Aracuse, N. Y.	61	54	875	796	El Paso, Tex	34	17	401	40
TELLON. N T	37	52	655	666	Fort Worth, Tex	77	65	862	79:
tica, N. Y.	32	30	453	426	Houston, Tex	211 49	80 50	1,905 687	1,84
Onkers, N. Y	40	37	472	424	New Orleans, La	43	(142)		60 (2,22
EAST NORTH CENTRAL		'			Oklahoma City, Okla	67	65	915	82
				i	San Antonio, Tex	100	93	1,266	1,26
kron, Ohio	63	42	754	773	Shreveport, La	5 <b>2</b>	51	657	,60
anton, Ohio	27	30	385	379	Tulsa, Okla		(66)		(66
incinnati, Ohio	787 158	753	10,959	10,320	MOUNTAIN				
veland Obja	120	187 (210)	2,334	2,217 (2,878)	Albuquerque, N. Mex	39	16	340	37
	124	116	1,611	1,542	Colorado Springs, Colo	17	7	202	19
	73	73	972	931	Denver, Colo	130 17	106 16	1,592	1,62
" MI oh	346	341	4,739	4,664	Ogden, Utah	30	24	396	14 35
Vensville, Ind.	34 33	28 26	50 <b>7</b> 5 <b>31</b>	444 507	Pueblo, Colo	12	13	180	19
	40	40	528	463	Salt Lake City, Utah	36	50	647	57
	(33)	(27)	(406)	(394)	Tucson, Ariz	(3)			(6
	46	`47	614	580	PACIFIC				
	104	103	1,683	1,587		14	16	275	24
Oria Ti	114 25	130	1,783	1,700	Berkeley, Calif	43	46	749	24 72
	18	25 22	390 344	410 354	Los Angeles, Calif	500	527	7,171	6,82
	92	98	1,406	1,405	Oakland, Calif	75	115	1,336	1,29
Jungstown, Ohio	72	48	807	746	Pasadena, Calif	42	41	547	49
			1		Portland, Oreg	98 52	95 61	1,404	1,33
WEST NORTH CENTRAL			,		Sacramento, Calif	72	95	717 1,060	70 1,13
Be Moines, Iowa	42	49	736	679	San Francisco, Calif	222	207	2,911	2,79
lluth, Minn.	37	26	355	359	Seattle, Wash	151	129	1,803	1,87
insas City, Kans		(25)		(512)	Spokane, Wash	44	51 <i>•</i>	649	61
inneanold, Mo.	128	88	1,544	1,586	Tacoma, Wash	39	51	523	54
maha, Nebr.	127 72	106 60	1,767 943	1,653 923	Honolulu Heurid	(473	1041	(400)	/
	'-	00	943	363	Honolulu, Hawaii	(47)	(24)	(499)	(50

Symbols.—parentheses [()]: data not included in table 3; 3 dashes [---]: data not available.

#### EPIDEMIOLOGICAL REPORTS—Continued

cramps, diarrhea, nausea, and chills, from  $8\frac{1}{2}$  to 11 hours after eating beef ribs. The ribs were precooked and allowed to stand at room temperature for indefinite periods of time awaiting customer's order. On order they were dipped into a barbecue sauce and then further cooked. None were available for bacteriological examination.

The California State Department of Public Health has reported an outbreak of gastro-enteritis among 200 school children. Of these, 24 became ill from 2 to 6 hours after eating a turkey dinner at school. The turkeys (frozen) were roasted on March 19, allowed to cool at room temperature, and refrigerated overnight. The meat was reheated the following morning and served with giblet gravy, peas, mashed potatoes, tapioca pudding, fruit salad, and bread and butter. Bacteriological examination of turkey, tapioca pudding, and mayonnaise was negative for pathogens.

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